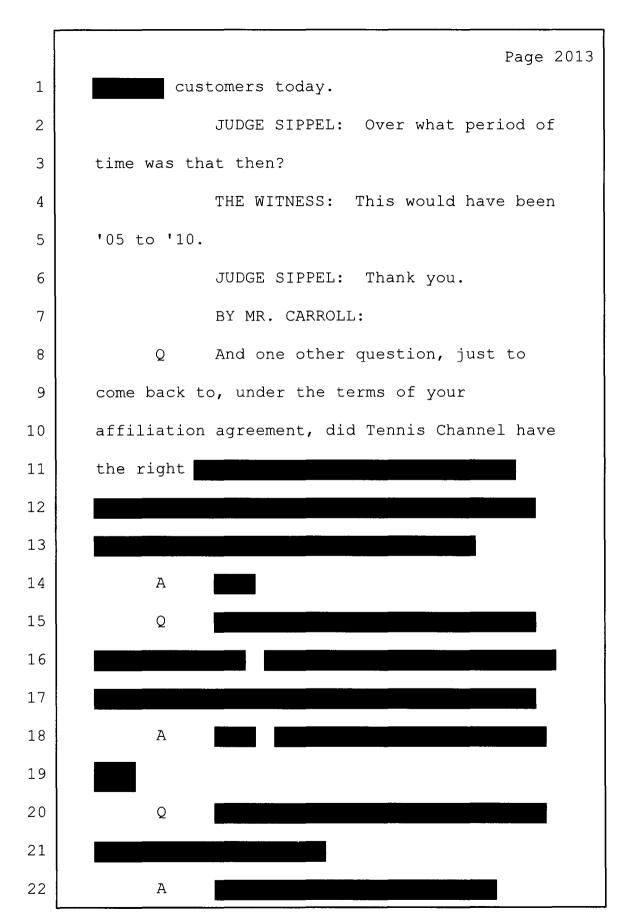
BY MR. CARROLL:

Q The sports tier level of distribution for Tennis Channel, do you remember how many subs, subscribers you had for The Tennis Channel at the sports tier level in its first year?

A It would have been in its first year, it just got started and it took a while to ramp up, so I don't know what the exact number was in the first year, but it would not have been significant.

- Q Any sense of a range?
- A Probably less than
- Q Okay, I'm trying to get a sense for how is it done over the years, the sports tier distribution, generally, and The Tennis Channel as a part of it. Have subscribers grown over the years and can you give His Honor some sense for how it's worked out in terms of number of subscribers on the sports tier?

A It has grown. It's at about



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Q Now let me move forward in time here to the following year, 2006, a year after you've signed up the contract with Tennis Channel. Does there come a time when you learn about a new proposal Tennis Channel has for you?

A Yes.

Q Tell us about that, please.

A Tennis Channel advised us that they had done a deal with another distributor involving a grant of equity and so they made us what is termed an MFN offer, which means a most favored nation's offer. We had a deal as is typical, we had a provision in our Tennis Channel deal that provided most favored nation's protection. So if Tennis Channel did a deal with a third party, a third party distributor that was more favorable than the deal they had done with us, they had an obligation to come to us with the terms of that deal.

So in conjunction with that

provision, they approached us with the terms of a deal that they had done with another distributor, in this case Dish Network.

Q Are the MFN-type provisions common in the industry?

A Yes.

Q And why are they used? Why does a distributor like you want to have an MFN provision?

A Well, they're very, very common in the cable industry. They're very common in other industries. They help — they actually help programmers get distribution because to the extent that a distributor may have a fear that they're going to do a deal and then find out later that they could have acquired the same programming for less money, an MFN protects the distributor. So an MFN says to the distributor, go ahead and do this deal. If I do a better deal later with somebody else, you'll get the benefit of it. So you can move forward. You can feel comfortable

1 moving forward and doing a deal with me.

Q When you did your deal with Tennis Channel in 2005, how many other distributors had done deals already with Tennis Channel?

A Time Warner and Cox. I don't know if any others had at that time.

Q So you were still one of the early ones?

A Yes.

Q And in 2005, had Dish, DirecTV, Verizon, AT&T, had any of those entities done deals with The Tennis Channel yet?

A No, I don't think so.

Q And from your perspective, does the MFN provide you protection that by being of the early ones to do the deal, you won't discover later on that the later guys got a better price, is that the concept?

A Yes, that's the idea.

Q So in 2006, they come to you,
Tennis Channel, and there's an MFN proposal,
is that right?

	rage 2017
1	A Yes.
2	Q Did you know who they had done a
3	deal with that had triggered the MFN proposal?
4	A I don't know how I learned it. I
5	think they probably told us it was Dish
6	Network.
7	Q Dish Network. And what were the
8	terms of the MFN proposal that they made to
9	you? Do you remember generally?
10	A Yes. It involved basically two
11	components. It involved us increasing our
12	distribution of Tennis Channel by
13	subscribers, so committing to an incremental
14	subscribers. And in exchange for
15	that, there was a grant of equity, equity in
16	the Tennis Channel that excuse me. There
17	was an offer of equity to us if we agreed to
18	give them the additional
19	JUDGE SIPPEL: Where did those
20	come from?
21	THE WITNESS: It was unspecified.
22	They could have come from any system.

Page 2018 JUDGE SIPPEL: I see. 1 2 THE WITNESS: They could have been 3 anywhere in the Comcast --4 JUDGE SIPPEL: So they could have 5 made up the difference say by putting them --6 putting Tennis Channel on other systems or --7 I'm sorry, of using the Jacksonville model and 8 applying it to say five or six other systems 9 and give them the numbers. 10 THE WITNESS: That's absolutely 11 correct. 12 MR. PHILLIPS: Your Honor, I may 13 be a little slow in the uptake, the only thing 14 that I think that we're going to the specific pricing, we may be going into some 15 confidential information. 16 17 JUDGE SIPPEL: I hear you. 18 MR. PHILLIPS: I don't know if Mr. 19 Carroll's questions may be asking for it. 20 only person I know here that is not a party is

my own client's representative. So if you're

just talking about Tennis Channel offers, I

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I'm assuming that

JUDGE SIPPEL:

if this becomes a problem, you're going to

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to know.

Page 2020 1 have to let me know. It's going to go offline 2 here. MR. PHILLIPS: We've had some 3 4 discussions on the question, Your Honor, of 5 whether or not -- if the door was open we 6 could still redact on the sensitive price terms for The Tennis Channel. And I take it 8 that with what Your Honor just said --9 MR. CARROLL: I have no issue with that whatsoever. 10 JUDGE SIPPEL: Let him finish. 11 MR. PHILLIPS: I take it what Your 12 Honor just said that we can follow that 13 14 guidance that even though the door is open, 15 when it comes to sensitive price terms for 16 either side that we can still redact it. 17 JUDGE SIPPEL: You have absolute 18 license to redact. You have a hunting license 19 to redact. 20 (Laughter.)

only with respect to truly sensitive stuff.

JUDGE SIPPEL: My instruction is

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So is this the first you've heard

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Page 2022 1 from Tennis Channel of any kind of an offer of 2 equity then, where they're offering their 3 shares to you? 4 Α Yes. 5 And what's your reaction to it? 6 We received a proposal. I didn't Α 7 judge it one way or the other. I asked my team to look at it. 8 9 Q Okay. 10 Α To examine it, analyze it. To analyze it. 11 0 12 Analyze it. Α 13 And does the team do an analysis? 14 Α Yes. 15 And who does the analysis? 0 in the company is the analysis done? 16 I asked Jennifer Gaiski who worked 17 Α 18 for me to handle the process and then she reached out to some folks in Jeff Shell's 19

group. They were better able to analyze these

kind of valuations, to analyze the equity side

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of the proposal.

Page 2023 1 Now Jeff Shell's group, is I see. 0 2 he is on the cable side or a different side? He's on the programming side. 3 Α Of Comcast? 4 0 5 Α Yes. And why did you ask his side to 6 7 evaluate the equity piece, the piece that 8 involves stock? 9 Α They had the expertise. I didn't 10 have expertise in valuing the equity. 11 And does his group actually do an 12 analysis? 13 They do. Α 14 MR. CARROLL: And Your Honor, if 15 you still have the white book and Mr. Bond, if you still have it as well, you may remember I 16 17 had mentioned some of these documents in the 18 opening, Your Honor. If you turn to Tab C, 19 sir. 20 Mr. Bond, do you see Tab C? 21 THE WITNESS: Yes, I do. 22 BY MR. CARROLL:

1 Q Can you identify for us whether 2 Comcast Exhibit 60, the first document behind 3 that Tab is the -- is a copy of the actual 4 analysis that's done by Mr. Shell's group of this offer the Tennis Channel makes in 2006? 5 6 Α Yes. 7 And do you then receive a copy of 8 this and an opportunity to look it over? I do. Α 10 And what does the analysis 11 12

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indicate? You can refer to any pages that you'd like, but I'd like you to summarize for His Honor what's the bottom line on this analysis?

Α The bottom line was that the -there were two parts to the deal, increased distribution which came at a cost and the equity. And the conclusion was that the equity was not worth -- the value of the equity was not worth the cost of the increased distribution. So we declined the offer.

> JUDGE SIPPEL: You're getting into

BY MR. CARROLL:

Q And does this exhibit, Comcast Exhibit 60 set out the actual cost-benefit analysis that was done, sir?

A It does.

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Q Okay, so do you get back to Tennis
Channel in some fashion?

A Yes. I don't know that I got back to them. I think Jenn probably got back to them and declined the offer.

Q Declined the offer?

A Yes.

Q And what did it mean when you were declining the offer?

A It meant that they had made us this MFN offer in compliance with the contract and we were rejecting it. So we were not agreeing to amend the agreement. We weren't agreeing to amend the agreement as set forth

done in a way that -- Ms. Gaiski and her group did it. They reported the results to you.

You looked at it and said well, this does not look good. So you pick up the phone and you say sorry, no deal.

Or do you invite -- there would be another way of doing it and that is you know you would invite the Tennis Channel people in and say look, we've got these spread sheets and these are based on numbers you gave us, this is what we come up with. You got something better to show us? There would be two ways of doing this.

THE WITNESS: Well, in this case, the numbers were pretty far apart, so we didn't --

JUDGE SIPPEL: What numbers are far apart?

THE WITNESS: If you looked at the cost, the license fee cost versus the valuation of the equity, there was a big gap between those two numbers. So it didn't seem

17 MR. CARROLL: Yes, we do, Your

18 Honor.

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19 JUDGE SIPPEL: Gosh.

20 MR. CARROLL: You're inviting me

21 to introduce another Exhibit.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Is it in the white

Page 2030 1 book? 2 MR. CARROLL: It is not in the white book. 3 JUDGE SIPPEL: Let's have it. 4 5 MR. CARROLL: Your Honor, may I 6 approach? 7 JUDGE SIPPEL: Please do. 8 MR. CARROLL: This is Comcast Exhibit 87. Your Honor, I'm having some other copies made of this. It's in our exhibit 10 11 binder, so my friends have it. I'm getting 12 copies. Let's just see if we can pull some out of the binder for you. 13 14 JUDGE SIPPEL: While you're doing 15 that, I want to ask this question. Again, I'm 16 trying to shorthand this a bit. When you do 17 this analysis then, it would be pretty -- one 18 side of the analysis is pretty straight 19 forward because you've got license fee plus 20 number of shareholders, correct?

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MR. CARROLL: Number of

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subscribers.

JUDGE SIPPEL: I mean number of subscribers. Thank you. But on the other side of the equation you've got valuation of I guess this will be common stock?

THE WITNESS: Yes. They were warrants. It was tricky. That's what required the analysis. And it's a judgment, no question. It's a judgment.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Well, that's being very straight forward. Again, could that valuation become the subject of a negotiation? What did you use, what did you use, you know, you go back and forth on something like that? Or is it just -- well, you tell me.

THE WITNESS: I think it could be in this case. It seemed pretty straight forward, this -- you can certainly perhaps say our valuation was wrong, it was low, it was high. Maybe others will come up with different numbers, but the numbers were pretty different. And it didn't seem worthwhile to engage in a negotiation or say to them maybe

we're looking at the numbers wrong. It didn't
seem worthwhile.

JUDGE SIPPEL: That's what disturbed me. How could it be that different? You've got very, very capable people that are doing this. It's just -- there's an art and a science to it. But people who are familiar with it can do it. And they're expecting it to be a wide, that they can do -- one side can do it so right and one side can do it so wrong.

THE WITNESS: We didn't have -- I think maybe here's the confusion. There was no disagreement necessarily on the valuation of the numbers. So when I was saying the difference in the numbers, I was saying the difference in what the license fees would cost and that was a very straight forward number, as you said. That's just calculating a number versus what the valuation of the equity was, right?

So we did a valuation of the

equity and we did an assessment of the license fee cost and the equity valuation was much lower than the licensee --

JUDGE SIPPEL: I'm following. I'm with you there. But my question is the equity valuation was the one that caused this thing to fall apart. Is that right? I mean you say your equity valuation and their equity valuation was far apart.

THE WITNESS: I don't know what their equity valuation is. Maybe this will -- I don't know if they did an analysis like this or not. They were simply making us an offer pursuant to the MFN that said here was a different kind of deal we did. This is a deal that was different than the deal we had done --

JUDGE SIPPEL: The deal with

DirecTV?

THE WITNESS: The Dish deal.

JUDGE SIPPEL: The Dish deal.

THE WITNESS: And so they were

saying to us you have an MFN. It requires us to give you a better deal if we did it. We did this deal with Dish. It involved a different kind of deal. It involved equity.

Do you want it or not? So they were not advocating one way or another for it.

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JUDGE SIPPEL: I see. I see.

THE WITNESS: They simply made the offer to us in a very formalized correspondence which is attached. I would imagine they made a very similar offer to the other distributors of The Tennis Channel who had MFNs. I don't know, but I would expect that's probably true. And they sent us this form letter and we examined it internally and we made our judgment and decided to decline it.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Would you agree with my characterization that in your world anyway, that's the way MFN is supposed to work, that is, that it's out there and it's offered and it's a yes or no proposition.

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	Page 2036
1	could turn to page five of that document, I
2	can show it to you.
3	JUDGE SIPPEL: Comcast 87, I want
4	to say is this already in evidence?
5	MR. CARROLL: Yes, it is, Your
6	Honor.
7	JUDGE SIPPEL: It came under the
8	general.
9	MR. CARROLL: It is already in
10	evidence. Is it in the exhibit binders?
11	JUDGE SIPPEL: We're getting
12	copies somehow.
13	MR. CARROLL: Everybody has got
14	it.
15	JUDGE SIPPEL: I don't have it.
16	Mr. Bond and I are sharing.
17	THE WITNESS: You'll see this MFN
18	provision.
19	JUDGE SIPPEL: Option A.
20	THE WITNESS: Equity carriage
21	incentive and you'll see it says accept option
22	A, check the box, sign it and then it says

JUDGE SIPPEL: It speaks for
itself if that's the way it was presented.
Sometimes documents like that, it generates.
It could be one of two things for the person
making the offer, either they're going to get
it back checked yes or you're not going to get
it back and they just turn it down or the
other side calls up and says well, I've got
this problem with it or that problem with it.
But this is not what that's all about. Is
that correct?

THE WITNESS: Yes, that's right.

That could potentially happen. If we were inclined to accept this that we had a small problem with it one way or another. We said we'll sign this, but we want to change this word here to that word, then I would have had that discussion and --

JUDGE SIPPEL: Okay, I'm with you.

21 I'm with you.

BY MR. CARROLL: